

Name: Class: ()

This exam consists of 3 pages. Read your questions carefully, write neatly, answer clearly, and in full. Good Luck.

1. Course book: A. Vocabulary :

I. Fill in the following sentences using a suitable word in the right form: (5.5 marks)

Bad tempered – freeze - aggressive – memory – formal – rely – necessary – comic – parrot – prawn – fortnight

1. and violent attitude is not acceptable at school.
2. He felt odd when he was the only one in the party who was wearing anoutfit.
3. Seeing somebody falling down and hurt isn't a scene.
4. Try to avoid talking with Timmy now as he is and in a very bad mood.
5. I can't believe you are like that! A totally person . When are you going to be responsible?
6. The hotel was extremely comfortable that we enjoyed our holiday.
7. They had such an extravagant wedding in aplace.
8. This fish restaurant is famous for its grilleddish. Really delicious!
9. Sandra isn't wise in shopping as she often spends money onitems, which she never uses.
10. My uncle owns a rarethat can imitate human sounds.
11. The temperature will drop to 10 degrees next week. It will be

II. Give a compound adjective to mean the following: (3.5 marks)

1. To be handsome and attractive:
2. To be famous:.....
3. Unreadable:
4. Something that's used before, not new:
5. Classy, very elegant:.....
6. Doesn't use his right hand in writing:.....
7. The opposite of lazy:.....

III. Add a suitable prefix or suffix to the following words and use them correctly to fill in the space. Use each once: (11 marks)

Fortunate – regard – dependent – meaning – noise – like – remark – cloud – beauty - continuous – real

1. You should beand study alone, you are a grown up now.
2. Thisman lost all his money when his factory was burnt.
3. What asight! The trees and the flowers lookamazing.
4. You must write clearsentences in the exam.

5. Our neighbours disturb usevery night. If they will be again tonight, we will call the police.
6. It's quitethat no one was hurt in that accident.
7. Martinaher colleagues' nasty comments about her new hair cut.
8. She is always in trouble because she alwaysher mother's advice.
9. The weather is sunny and warm today unlike last week when it wasand cold.

2. Grammar:

A. Use the following adjectives in the right degree to complete the sentences: (4.5 marks)

far – dry – amuse – bad – healthy – little – thin – sad - funny

1. The weather in Egypt isthan in Britain.
2. Diet doctors always advise that theyou eat, theyou grow.
3. His handwriting isin the whole class.
4. He becamethan before when he knew that he failed in the exam for the second time!
5. Their city isfrom the capital than any other place.
6. He looksafter he started eating fresh fruits and vegetables.
7. Chatting with Kevin is very He isperson who tells jokes.

B. Use the following verbs in the right place and form: (4.5 marks)

Be – ring – pack – come – watch – show – bake – bring - pay

1. She is busy right now. Shefor tomorrow's trip. Sheback after two days.
2. While we T.V. yesterday, the door bell It was our neighbour Mrs. Fanny whous a visit. Sheus a delicious cake which shean hour ago.
3. When he Mary this gift, shesurprised.

V. Story : Crime Stories: Give full answers for the following questions:

- 1. Why wasn't Skip pleased when he knew about Maggie seeing the "Frosby boy"? Was he right? (6 marks)**

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

- 2. How did Skip decide to end his life? Why? (5 marks)**

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Name: Class: ()

This exam consists of 2 pages. Read your questions carefully, write neatly, answer clearly, and in full. Good Luck.

I. Course book: A. Vocabulary: 1. Fill in the following sentences using a suitable word in the right place and form: Make the necessary changes: (5.5 marks)

Awake – laboratory – remains – rest – governess – nickname – widow – spider – appetite – discover – extreme

1. Although Joseph wastired, he stayedto watch the finals.
2. His sadness and grief made him lose his
3. My father calls me by my “Beth” instead of saying Elizabeth.
4. Martina is a great mother who worked hard to raise up her three children alone after she became a
5. Being a well – known actress, she had to hire ato look after her baby.
6. Ted was sent to prison when the companyhis dishonesty.
7. Someare poisonous and dangerous.
8. Due to their carelessness, the boys almost exploded the wholewhile they were making the experiment.
9. The government removed theof the dead soldiers to a new cemetery.
10. My cousin is studying medicine while theof his brothers are studying engineering.

2. Use each word in a sentence to show its meaning: (4 marks)

- 1- Professor:
- 2- Court:
- 3- Lecture:
- 4- Artist:

II. Grammar: A. Make a question for the following answers: (3 marks)

1.?
No, we’ve got to buy some.
2.?
Not much, only a little.
3.?
There are five chairs in the room.

B. Use the verbs in the list in the right place and in the right tense: (6 marks)

Take - do - drive - pay - go - wear - tell - make - choose - cost - teach - is

1. Whothe car at the time of the accident?
2. Two days ago, I went into a shoe shop in City Stars and a nice brown pair. I350 pounds andthem on the same day in Nadine's birthday. I have to admit that theyme a fortune!
3. When Maryto any lecture about modern technology, she always some notes to help her in her project.
4.(usually/you) your homework alone?
5. Martina big mistake when hehis teacher that stupid lie about losing his book.
6. Mr. Brianus English a year ago.
7. Wherewhen I phoned you yesterday?

III. Story: Wood Wilson's Tie: (1.5 marks)

1. Why did Clive commit the crime at Madame Thibault Hall?

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

This exam consists of 4 pages. Read your questions carefully, answer clearly and in full. Good Luck.

I. Comprehension:

As people get more and more busy with their life style and career, they tend to go out and eat food from restaurants or other food stall. But I for one still prefer to come home, prepare and eat my food at home. I have always enjoyed cooking for other people and let them praise me for it. It has been an extra bonus because I find cooking very enjoyable. After coming from an exhausting day of work from the office, it is fun to be your own boss in the kitchen. I can do whatever I want to do and do not have to ask for any permission or worry about if I am doing everything right. It is the fact that I know what I am good at it makes me feel excited.

But apart from this, cooking at home and eating with the rest of the family at the end of the day has been a tradition in the old generation. A tradition that more and more people are forgetting these days. We are so busy with our own lives that we are no longer interested with the lives or our near and dear ones. So I think the best way to catch up with the rest of the family is a nice cozy dinner.

Eating at one of those classy restaurants means that you have to be dressed properly with black jacket and white shirt. If you go to one of the Chinese restaurants that is just round the corner, it is always noisy when all you want is quite and peace around you. Sometimes the food is not even up to standard, sometimes your favorite dish is not available any more. Then there is a question of hygiene. How well cooked is the food at the restaurant? Have they been washed properly before cooking? If food is eaten at home, you are sure that it will be cleaned and washed properly because hygiene, to you, is the most important thing.

Even if some people think of cooking as a hassle nowadays, with microwave, oven and other different kitchen gadgets, cooking can be done with no problem at all. Last but not the least, it's very cheap when you eat at home. A person might not be able to afford Chinese 30 days a month, and 12 months a year.

1. Answer the following question: (2 marks)

1. In your opinion, why is cooking at home much better than eating outside?

.....

.....

.....

B. Find

the word in the text gives the opposite of the following: (1.5 marks)

1-	<u>enjoyable</u>	Boring
2-	<u>cozy</u>	Uncomfortable
3-	<u>Longer</u>	Shorter

II. Course book: 1. Vocabulary: A. Fill in the following sentences using a suitable word in the right place and form. Use each word once . Make the necessary changes: (7½ marks)

lobster – soak – furious – take part – wealth – prawn – need – tomb – – brass – cover – tender – lean – fast – find out – give up

1. Muslims **fast** during the month of Ramadan.

2. **Lobsters** have a very hard shell that requires certain tools to break unlike **prawns** which you can easily eat with your hands.
3. You left your new coat out in the rain, and now it is **soaking** wet.
4. Jane was trying to **find out** the meaning of the new word by looking at the position of the word in the sentence.
5. Most instruments of a band or orchestra are made of **brass** .
6. The CBC's **coverage** of the Olympic games was very good.
7. My parents were **furious** when they knew that I had spent all my money on candy.
8. My grandfather is buried in a **tomb** in this churchyard.
9. You should let the rice cook at medium heat for about 25 minutes to make it really **tender**.
10. To feel better and live a healthy life, you must **give up** all the bad eating habits.
11. He's a greedy man. He only married her because her family is quite **wealthy**.
12. The food is usually distributed to the **needy** families first.
13. Many students were encouraged to **take part** in this year's competition 'Jesuites Got Talent'.
14. Young children should eat only **lean** meat because fats are not good for them.

B. Fill in with an appropriate word. (7 marks)

1. I am so hungry. I feel like eating a big **bowl** of cereal, an egg fried in very **little** butter with not **much** salt on it either and maybe just a thin **slice** of chocolate cake. I want to drink a **glass** of orange juice or just have a **cup** of hot chocolate.
2. They didn't put **much (any is wrong)** lettuce in this salad, they put only **a little**. We should ask for **some** more.
3. It is much better and a lot **healthier** to eat fruits than to eat pies after meals.
4. Exams are a lot **easier** if you study and revise a lot.
5. Youssef is **the most hard working** student in your class. He usually gets the highest marks. (hardest working)
6. I don't like his **latest** books which he published recently. I prefer his **earlier** novels.

C. Complete the following dialogue: (4 $\frac{1}{2}$ marks)

Peter: Hi, Tony. How are you?

Tony: Hi, Peter. I am fine.

Peter: **What did you do last weekend?**

Tony: Well. Last weekend **I went shopping with my mum.**

Peter: With your mum! That sounds boring.

Tony: Not at all. My mum gave me money and asked me to get whatever I like while we are in the shops.

Peter: And what did you get, then?

Tony: **A new pair of shoes** and **a shirt/T-shirt**

Peter: **How much did they buy for them?**

Tony: Not much as they were on sale.

Peter: That's nice.

Tony: Would you like to come with me?

Peter: Oh, that's kind of you. Thanks

III. Grammar: A. Use the following verbs in the right place and tense: (5 marks)

ask – meet – try – have – clean – be – have – reply – own – phone

We are having a great time here in London. We arrived at the hotel on Friday evening. Our room wasn't ready, so we waited outside while they were cleaning it. Then we phoned the reception and tried to book a table in the restaurant. The receptionist replied that the restaurant was closed. We decided to walk to a café near the hotel. While we were asking about the menu at the café, my father met an old friend who owns a hotel in the area. The man was generous and invited us to stay in his hotel till the end of our stay.

B. Fill in with the right preposition: (2½ marks = 0.25 each)

1. Don't leave the house without your umbrella. It might rain in the evening.
2. They went camping in the weekend.
3. We will have exams for a whole week in May.
4. Tut Ankh Amoun was believed to die of an unknown illness.
5. Martha moved to Paris after her graduation from university. She wanted to study music so she did a research into different instruments before she decided to play the violin.
6. The ministry will organize a conference for the new teaching methods.

IV. Story: Crime Story Collection: (5 marks)

1. According to what Clive's mother said about him, it became clear that he wasn't a normal boy.

a. Why do you think Clive took Woodrow Wilson's tie with him?

b. Do you think he really had a 'sick mind'? Give two reasons.

1. He took it as a proof that he was the one who committed the crime in case nobody believed him. He was also proud of what he did and he thought it was funny.
2. Of course he had a sick mind as he killed people just to draw the attention of everybody that he exists. He found the crime scene very funny. He was also lost and asked questions about himself.

V. Writing: Imagine you have been to the school summer camp in Marsa Matrouh. Write a post card to your friends telling them about it. Your name is *Raymond* and your friend is called *Murphy*. Don't draw anything in the box. (5 marks)

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Name: Class: ()

A. Fill in the spaces with the right words from the box below:

quiet – an island – memory – castle – book – tent – pass – outdoors – guest - extravagant

1. She always dreamed of living on as she adores sea life.
2. We couldn't any seats as the show was very popular and thousands of people raced to it.
3. What aevening! We danced, sang, laughed and enjoyed very much.
4. Theis extremely safe. Thanks to the thick wooden doors and giant locks.
5. Scouts use as their temporary housing.
6. Could you please me the bottle of vinegar?
7. Sometimes I get bored from studying in my room, so I sit for fresh air.
8. The party planner suggested a wedding with few
9. Some people want to have an party, no matter how much it would cost.

B. Complete the sentences with clothing words:

1. When I go to the club, I always wear,,
2. If I'm invited to a party, I wear, and while
my mother wears and
3. At school, I wear which is, and
4. Young people like to wear fashionable torn.....

C. Expand the following into sentences and consider all necessary changes or additions:

- | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. Cows / lay / eggs. | 2. Rice / grow / trees. |
| 3. What / look / at / ?. | 4. Stop / noise/ ! / I / study. |
| 5. you / understand / I / say / ?. | |

- 1-
- 2-
- 3-
- 4-
- 5-

D. Supply the proper form, ADJECTIVE or ADVERB:

- Helen is a very (slow) student.
- Her brother, on the other hand, learns (rapid).
- Mr. Gonzales has a (permanent) visa.
- He hopes to remain in this country (permanent).
- This is an (easy) exercise.
- I can do all of these exercises (easy).
- Helen works very (hard) in her new job.
- You walk very (fast).
- They are both (serious) students.
- They both study English very (serious).

E. Fill the table with the required parts of speech:

	Noun	Verb	Adjective	Adverb	preposition	Question word	Article
1.
2.
3.

Name:Class: ()

This exam consists of 4 pages. Read your questions carefully, write neatly, answer clearly, and in full. Good Luck.

I. Comprehension:

The Norrmalmstorg Robbery

The Norrmalmstorg Robbery in Sweden is one of the most famous robberies in history. On 23 August 1973 Jan Erik Olsson’s robbery of Kreditbanken in Stockholm did not go as he had planned. The Swedish police came to the scene immediately and two policemen went inside the bank. Olsson started shooting at them, injuring one of the police officers and taking the other one hostage. He also took four other people in the bank hostage and demanded that his friend Clark Olofsson be brought to the bank. Olofsson was also a criminal and had been in trouble with the law before for violent crimes. The first time he was caught he was only 16 years old. Olsson also demanded 3 million Swedish Kronor (that’s about 3,000,000 euro), two guns, bullet-proof vests, helmets and a fast car.

The police said that Olsson and Olofsson could have the car if they let the hostages go. The robbers didn’t agree to this and Olsson called Olof Palme, the Prime Minister of Sweden, and told him that he would kill the hostages if they did not bring him what he asked for. The next day one of the hostages also called the Prime Minister and told him that she was very mad at him and that he should let the robbers and hostages go! They remained in the bank for six days. On August 28 the police used gas to get the robbers out of the bank. Luckily no one was seriously injured and the police were able to arrest them.

After the incident was over, hostages told reporters that they had felt more afraid of what the police would do than the robbers. A court sentenced Olsson to ten years in prison. After he got out he had more problems with the law. His friend Olofsson told the court that he was there to protect the hostages and in the end he did not go to prison. He actually became friends with Kristen Enmark who was one of the hostages. The families also became friends. Psychologists have studied this robbery and believe that when someone is held hostage they sometimes can become “friends” with the person who was holding them hostage. They call this the “Stockholm Syndrome”. Since the robbery people have made movies, songs and written books about the event.

1. Answer these questions:

1 What does ‘hostage’ mean?

.....

2. How were the robbers when the police arrested them?

.....

3. What did the hostage tell the reporter after the incident was over?

.....

2. Choose the correct answer.

1. Clark Olofsson

- a . was not a criminal.
- b . was in trouble with the law before.
- c . was taken as a hostage.

2. Clark Olofsson was

- a . not sent to prison.
- b . was sentenced to ten years in prison.
- c . went to prison for the rest of his life.

II. Course book. 1. Vocabulary: A. Give the definition of the following words:

- 1. **extravagant:**
- 2. **forest:**.....
- 3. **abroad:**.....

B. Complete the following sentences with the suitable idiom:

- 1. School starts at 8 o'clock **on the dot**, so we are punished if we are late.
- 2. I was very nervous. I **had butterflies** all day before the exam.
- 3. The new iPad is for 10,000 L.E. It **cost me a fortune** to buy it.

C. Complete the missing letters to get words for clothes then use it in a sentence?

- 1. Tr__c__s__ __t : **tracksuit**
- 2. J__ __ __s: **jeans**
- 3. C__r__ __ __g__ n : **cardigan**

D. Fill in the blanks using suitable words in the correct form. Stick to the vocabulary learnt:

- 1. We usually travel to France for a **fortnight** holiday in July; from the 1st of July till the 14th.
- 2. The washing machine broke down and all the clothes were **soaking** wet.
- 3. The Titanic sank after it had hit an **iceberg** which was hidden under the water.
- 4. **Oxen** not cows are used by farmers in the fields because of their strength.
- 5. The mosquito **bites** are one of the most dangerous because they can **kill** over than 300 million people every year.
- 6. Tom was kept in hospital because he lost a lot of **blood** in the accident.

E. Give the opposite of these adjectives by adding the suitable prefixes then use it in a good sentence:

- 1) Reliable# **unreliable**
- 2) Honest# **dishonest**

F. Complete with the suitable expression:

- 1) My cousin **is getting married** next week, that's why I bought a new dress.
- 2) John **get ready** quickly please, dad is coming to pick us up in 10 minutes.
- 3) My best friend is very ill, I wish she **gets well soon!**
- 4) The students had a hard day today & they **got tired** so they went home.

III. Grammar: 1. Make a question for the underlined words:

- 1. Mrs Kelly goes to church every Sunday.
.....
- 2. The exam was extremely difficult.
.....
- 3. My friends are returning from Italy tomorrow.
.....
- 4. The Danube River flows into the Black Sea.
.....

2. Fill in the postcard with the correct form of the verbs:

Learn – watch – sit (x2) – have – write – shine – be – get – enjoy

Dear Joe,

Hello from Hawaii. I **am having** a great time. The sun **is shining** and we **are enjoying** every minute of our vacation. Jack **is sitting** on the beach. He **is watching** the children. The water **is** warm, but I'm lazy. So I **am sitting** on the sand and **writing** this postcard to you. We **are getting** a nice tan. Oh, and Jack **is leaning** to surf. Are you surprised? I am.

Wish you were here.

Love,

Jane, Jack, Billy and Sue

IV. Story: The Time Machine:

- 1. How were the people of the future different from the professor's time? Mention 3 differences.
- 2. What were the four dimensions? Explain them in full.

Name:Class: ()

This exam consists of 4 pages. Read your questions carefully, write neatly, answer clearly, and in full. Good Luck.

I. Comprehension:

The Norrmalmstorg Robbery

The Norrmalmstorg Robbery in Sweden is one of the most famous robberies in history. On 23 August 1973 Jan Erik Olsson’s robbery of Kreditbanken in Stockholm did not go as he had planned. The Swedish police came to the scene immediately and two policemen went inside the bank. Olsson started shooting at them, injuring one of the police officers and taking the other one hostage. He also took four other people in the bank hostage and demanded that his friend Clark Olofsson be brought to the bank. Olofsson was also a criminal and had been in trouble with the law before for violent crimes. The first time he was caught he was only 16 years old. Olsson also demanded 3 million Swedish Kronor (that’s about 3,000,000 euro), two guns, bullet-proof vests, helmets and a fast car.

The police said that Olsson and Olofsson could have the car if they let the hostages go. The robbers didn’t agree to this and Olsson called Olof Palme, the Prime Minister of Sweden, and told him that he would kill the hostages if they did not bring him what he asked for. The next day one of the hostages also called the Prime Minister and told him that she was very mad at him and that he should let the robbers and hostages go! They remained in the bank for six days. On August 28 the police used gas to get the robbers out of the bank. Luckily no one was seriously injured and the police were able to arrest them.

After the incident was over, hostages told reporters that they had felt more afraid of what the police would do than the robbers. A court sentenced Olsson to ten years in prison. After he got out he had more problems with the law. His friend Olofsson told the court that he was there to protect the hostages and in the end he did not go to prison. He actually became friends with Kristen Enmark who was one of the hostages. The families also became friends. Psychologists have studied this robbery and believe that when someone is held hostage they sometimes can become “friends” with the person who was holding them hostage. They call this the “Stockholm Syndrome”. Since the robbery people have made movies, songs and written books about the event.

1. Answer these questions: (1.5 marks)

1. What does ‘hostage’ mean?

.....

2. How were the robbers when the police arrested them?

.....

3. What did the hostage tell the reporter after the incident was over?

.....

2. Choose the correct answer: (1 mark)

1. Clark Olofsson

- a . was not a criminal.
- b . was in trouble with the law before.
- c . was taken as a hostage.

2. Clark Olofsson was

- a . not sent to prison.
- b . was sentenced to ten years in prison.
- c . went to prison for the rest of his life.

II. Course book. 1. Vocabulary: A. Give the definition of the following words: (3 marks)

- 1. **extravagant:**
- 2. **forest:**.....
- 3. **abroad:**.....

B. Complete the following sentences with the suitable idiom: (3 marks)

- 4. School starts at 8 o'clock, so we are punished if we are late.
- 5. I was very nervous. I all day before the exam.
- 6. The new iPad is for 10,000 L.E. It to buy it.

C. Complete the missing letters to get words for clothes then use them in good sentences? (4.5 marks)

- 4. Tr_c_s_ _t :
- 5. J_ _ _s:
- 6. C_r_ _g_n :

D. Fill in the blanks using suitable words in the correct form. Stick to the vocabulary learnt: (3.5 marks)

- 7. We usually travel to France for a holiday in July; from the 1st of July till the 14th.
- 8. The washing machine broke down and all the clothes were wet.
- 9. The Titanic sank after it had hit an which was hidden under the water.
- 10. not cows are used by farmers in the fields because of their strength.
- 11. The mosquitoare one of the most dangerous because they can over than 300 million people every year.
- 12. Tom was kept in hospital because he lost a lot ofin the accident.

E. Give the opposite of these adjectives by adding the suitable prefixes then use it in a good sentence: (3 marks)

1) Reliable #

.....
2) Honest #

.....

F. Complete with the suitable expression: (4 marks)

1) My cousin next week, that's why I bought a new dress.

2) John quickly please, dad is coming to pick us up in 10 minutes.

3) My best friend is very ill, I wish she.....!

4) The students had a hard day today & they.....so they went home.

III. Grammar: 1. Make a question for the underlined words: (4 marks)

1. Mrs Kelly goes to church every Sunday.

.....

2. The exam was extremely difficult.

.....

3. My friends are returning from Italy tomorrow.

.....

4. The Danube River flows into the Black Sea.

.....

2. Fill in the postcard with the correct form of the verbs: (5 marks)

Learn – watch – sit (x2) – have – write – shine – be – get – enjoy

Dear Joe,

Hello from Hawaii. I a great time. The sun and we

every minute of our vacation. Jack on the beach. He the children. The water

warm, but I'm lazy. So I on the sand and this postcard to you. We a nice tan. Oh, and Jack to surf. Are you surprised? I am.

Wish you were here.

Love,

Jane, Jack, Billy and Sue

IV. Story: The Time Machine:

3. How were the people of the future different from the professor's time? Mention 3 differences.

(4 marks)

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

4. What were the four dimensions? Explain them in full. (3.5 marks)

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

Model Answer

II. Comprehension: A. Questions: 1. Answer the following questions: (2.5 marks)**1. Why was the school master looking for a new sport? Give 2 reasons**

1. He was looking for a game where boys and girls can play.
2. All the available sports were not suitable for them.

II. Course book: A. Texts:**1. What problems can happen if you are organizing a party? Mention two problems and how you can you solve each one? (4 marks)**

Change in weather – food of different quality.... Any other possible answers are accepted.

2. How did Marie Curie's life change completely when she moved to France? Mention three major changes. (4 marks)

- A. She was able to join university and study Science at the Sorbonne.
- B. She met her husband Pierre and together they discovered radium and polonium.
- C. She won the Nobel Prize for Physics.

B. Vocabulary: 1. A. Fill in the following sentences using a suitable word in the right place and form.

Use each word once . Not all the words will be used: (7.5 marks)

prize – secret – niece - collect – pain – bite – bridegroom - sting – cloud– friend - memory – bride – incredible – eagle – science - occasion – comic — terrible – aggressive - research

15. Next month we are going to attend many happy occasions with our family. My father's niece is getting married so he is happy for the bride to be. My grandparents are secretly organizing an incredible honeymoon trip for the new couple.
16. His terrible experience is definitely an unmemorable one. He can never forget the snake bite which was about to end his life.
17. The sun didn't shine all day yesterday. It was one of the cloudiest days this week.
18. Samuel collected millions of dollars from the prizes which he won in the past three years.
19. After the operation, the little child was in extreme pain for three days.
20. Tell me the truth; do I look comical in this colourful suit?
21. Some scientists are doing several researches about the language of dolphins.

B. Replace the underlined parts with a suitable word about university life: (3.5 marks)

I am a university student undergraduate of Oxford University and I am doing a university qualification degree in mathematics. I like it very much but there's lots of work. I go to two or three classes at university lectures a day and I take lots of information from class that I write on a piece of paper notes when I'm listening to the teachers at university lecturers. I admire the most important maths teacher at the university professor Richards. When I finish university and I am someone who has a university qualification a graduate, I want to work with computers.

C. Fill in with a suitable idiom to complete the sentences: (2 marks)

1. A: Did you... **make it** to the match?

B: No, I was ill and didn't go anywhere.

2. Don't be worried about the exams, **take it easy**

3. I had to make a speech at my sister's wedding. I ... **Had butterflies** ... about it all day.

4. The meeting will start at 8 o'clock ... **on the dot** . Don't be late.

III. Grammar: A. Use the following words in the right place and form: (7 marks)

try - look - make - serious - bad - take - catch - grow up - move - sit - quiet - throw - drive - see

1. 'Why (you) **are you looking** at me like that? What is the matter?'

2. Jim **threw** the ball to Sue but she **didn't catch** it.

3. You **are making** a lot of noise. Could you be **quieter**?

4. Mark **sat** his final exams last week so he decided **to take** a break.

5. It was really hard for Sam **to move** to another house away from the place which he **grew up** in.

6. When I last **saw** him, he **was trying** to find a job in London.

7. George's mother was **badly** injured. Her wounds were much **more serious** than they thought.

8. How fast (you) **were you driving** when the accident happened?

B. Fill in with any suitable adjective or adverb to complete the sentences. Don't repeat the adjectives or the adverbs: (4.5 marks)

1. The car wasn't as **good / bad / expensive / fast** as the one I bought last year.

2. I didn't do **a few** on my last exam. I should have read my questions more carefully because they were quite **easy** and written my answers **carefully/ correctly**.

3. Yesterday I walked very **slowly** back home with a **heavy** school bag on my back. I felt so **sleepy/ exhausted** and tired after a **long / hard** day's work.

IV. Story: A. Time Machine: 1. State if the following statements are true or false. If (False) correct it and if (True) explain why. (8 marks = 0.5 (F) or (T) 1.5 for the justification)

a. The Morlocks were lovely creatures that enjoyed staying in the sunshine every day. (**False**)

They were ape – like creatures. They looked very ugly. They were whitish in colour with grayish red eyes and golden hair down their back. They lived in the underground tunnels and they were slaves to the Eloi. They were afraid of light.

b. When the time traveller was on the wrong lever, he went to a different era and strange things happened. (**True**)

The needle was moving strangely and differently. When he pulled the lever, the machine stopped and he found himself on a beach and went to the pre-historic times, the days of the dinosaurs.

c. The language of the little creatures was clear English with a good accent. (**False**)

It sounded like water . It was a simple language and useless for communicating any difficult ideas. It seemed to only have names of things or simple actions.

d. In his fight with the Morlocks, the time traveller took a gun and a knife. (**False**)

He went to the British museum and found a dry unused box of matches and some candles. He also broke a lever off a machine and made it as a club.

B. Dr. Wayde's Medicine:

1. What was the effect of the medicine on Wayde? How did it lose its effect on him? (3 marks)

It gave him self confidence and helped him to have a successful career . He became the prime minister. As soon as he knew that there was no medicine, it was just water, he was disappointed and lost any enthusiasm. At the end, he lost his job and became a real failure.

V. Writing: Invite your uncles Martin and Samuel to a family dinner for celebrating Easter. Your name is Ron. (4 marks)

1 mark = form

2 marks = content

1 mark = spelling mistakes (0.25 for any 2 mistakes)

Out of 50